

## National Indicative Programme 2014-2020

### BURKINA FASO

#### 11<sup>th</sup> EDF 2014-2020

#### General overview of the programme

Intervention Area	Budget (MEUR)
Governance	325
Health	80
Agriculture and Food Security	190
Civil Society	21
Other support measures	7
<b>Total</b>	<b>623</b>

#### Sector 1: Governance

**General objective:** To contribute to sustainable economic growth, reduction of poverty and consolidation of the rule of law.

**Specific objectives:**

- ✓ Improve the effectiveness and quality of public finances' management
- ✓ Strengthening the rule of law

**Expected results:**

- Sound management of public finances is promoted
- The national statistical system is strengthened
- The capacities of actors of decentralization is improved
- A credible independent effective equitable justice, and accessible to all is reinforced
- Capabilities, professionalism and accountability of the security services are promoted

#### Sector 2: Health

**General objective:** To contribute to the implementation of the National Health Development Plan, which has a dual aim: to accelerate the achievement of the MDGs and improve the health status of populations

**Specific objectives:**

- ✓ Contribute to the reduction of maternal, child and youth mortality
- ✓ Strengthen leadership and governance of the Ministry of Health

**Expected results:**

- The infant and maternal mortality rate are reduced
- The capabilities of the ministries are strengthened to facilitate real leadership and improved governance in the sector
- Human and financial resources are programmed and used in a more rational, transparent and efficient

**Sector 3: Agriculture and Food Security**

**General objective:** To contribute to strengthening the resilience of the most vulnerable populations and poverty reduction.

**Specific objectives:**

- ✓ Sustainable improvement in food and nutrition security of the most vulnerable populations.
- ✓ Develop agriculture and sustainable farming, contribute to the fight against desertification, land degradation and deforestation with a focus on assistance to small family farms through productive facilities, sustainable water management, soil and other natural resources with particular targeting of the most vulnerable populations.
- ✓ Increase equitable and sustainable access to safe drinking water and sanitation.

**Expected results:**

- Food security and nutritional status of the most vulnerable populations are permanently improved in areas at risk of food insecurity and nutrition in particular through the establishment of social safety nets
- The resilience of the poorest people that cope with climatic and market shocks and food prices has improved
- Income and productivity of the most vulnerable rural populations are permanently improved
- Integrated management of water resources is strengthened and consolidated
- Sustainable land management has improved in a secure land environment
- Other (pastoral forest,) natural resources are sustainably valued in a secure environment land
- Action programs to help in the fight against land degradation, desertification and deforestation are implemented
- Access and sustainable and equitable use to drinking water and sanitation facilities

**Civil Society**

An indicative amount of up to 21 MEUR may be allocated to support civil society. These amounts will be implemented mainly in the areas of concentration by ensuring coherence and complementarity of support provided on thematic / budget lines.

**Other support measures**

A Technical Cooperation Facility (TCF) is provided in the program through a special allowance. A maximum indicative amount of 3 MEUR may be provided for the support and accompaniment programming, preparation and implementation of action steps. A maximum indicative amount of 4 MEUR may be provided to support the NAO.